Cvičení

Přítomný čas prostý – sloveso to be Utvořte otázky k následujícím větám a použijte krátkou kladnou nebo zápornou odpověď. It's raining. They're at school. She is in Paris now. You are tired. I'm right. Minulý čas prostý – sloveso to be Utvořte otázky k následujícím větám a použijte krátkou kladnou nebo zápornou odpověď. We were very happy there. 2 He was right. She was at the party. You were at home last night. Existencionální vazba – there is/there are Do vět doplňte existencionální vazbu. Použijte přítomný i minulý čas. two boys in the car. a book on the shelf. 3 one apple on the table. a lot of trees in our vard. 5 some grapes in the bowl. a cat under the table. 7 carrots in the soup. 8 a policeman in their house policemen at the door. 10 some fruit on the table. Přítomný čas prostý – plnovýznamová slovesa Následující věty převeďte do záporu. The sun shines at night. In England people drive on the right. He likes Tina Turner. We go to school on Saturdays. We are married. They have an old car. Kangaroos come from Canada. Your teacher arrives late. The Queen lives at 33, Station Road, London. Doplňte správné pomocné sloveso do, don't, does, doesn't. you like washing up? No, I he work for Toyota? Yes, he she go to the supermarket on Fridays? No, she he have a CD player? No, he they go to work by car? Yes, they you learn English on Sundays? No, I

Minulý čas prostý – plnovýznamová slovesa

Napište minulý čas uvedených sloves. Některá jsou pravidelná, některá nepravidelná. hear, catch, leave, can, live, fall, break, begin, make, phone, hit, feel, put, try, build

_	še uvedená slovesa použijte v minulém čase ve větách a otázkách.
• • • • •	
_ **	
Př	rítomný čas průběhový
Vy 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	berte vhodný tvar přítomného času – prostý nebo průběhový. I read/am reading a book about astrology. I read/am reading lots of books every year. We go/are going to a party on Sunday. Nurses look/are looking after people in hospital. Annie comes/is coming from Ireland. She comes/is coming for dinner this evening. I speak/am speaking four languages. Do you want/Are you wanting to go out tonight? I go/am going to work now. Goodbye!
	inulý čas průběhový berte vhodný tvar minulého času – prostý nebo průběhový. I <i>met/was meeting</i> a friend while I <i>did/was doing</i> the shopping.
2 3 4 5 6	I paid/was paying for my things when I heard/was hearing someone call my name. I turned/was turning round and saw/was seeing Paula. She wore/was wearing a bright red coat. We decided/were deciding to have a cup of coffee. While we had/were having a drink, a waiter dropped/was dropping a pile of plates.
7 8 9 10	We all <i>got/were getting</i> a terrible shock. While the waiter <i>picked/was picking</i> up the broken plates, he <i>cut/was cutting</i> his finger. We <i>left/were leaving</i> the café and <i>said/were saying</i> goodbye. I <i>finished/was finishing</i> my shopping and <i>went/was going</i> home.
ČΙ	leny
	China has biggest population in world. Do you like Chinese food? We had some for lunch few days ago. I wanted to go to Italian restaurant. I come to school by bus, but I get lift home with friend. "Is there chemist near here?" "Yes. There's one next to post office."
Do 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	I bought hat and pair of shoes. Unfortunately shoes are wrong size. Where are children? They are in garden. My sister's teacher in school near Leicester. I was at home all day yesterday. This morning bus was late. I come to school by bus. We had lovely holiday in Spain. We're going back there next year. My friend lives in same street as me.

9 I work for company that makes carpets. 10 What time does your plane arrive? I'll come to airport to meet you. Vyjádření množství Doplňte some nebo any. I want bananas. I don't want bananas. Do you want tea? 4 Is there book on the table? 5 May I have tea? 6 I haven't idea how to get there. 7 Are there more potatoes? – Yes, there are potatoes in the dish. 8 Have we got sugar? – I think we have sugar. 9 May I have more tea? – Yes, of course. 10 I'm not going to buy shoes. They are all too expensive. 11 This evening I'm going out with friends. 12 Do you know good film? - No, I think they are all stupid. 13 If there are words you don't understand, use a dictionary. 14 With the special tourist train ticket, you can travel on train you like. 15 Can I have milk in my coffee, please? 16 I'd like tea, but I don't want biscuits. Doplňte any nebo no. There aren't buses after midnight. There are buses after midnight. There isn't milk. There's milk. 5 I can't talk to you now. I've got time. If you don't have questions we can start writing a test. 7 There are traffic signs! How can I get there?! cars are allowed in the city centre. We can't go to the theatre today. There are tickets. Doplňte much, many, nebo a lot of. There are apples. There is oil. The shop has bottles of water. There isn't frozen food. The shopkeeper has got cheese. But I can't see bread. The house is very big. – How bedrooms has it got? 8 How does she earn? We've got work today. 10 You shouldn't eat so sweets. You will be fat! Doplňte some, any nebo Ø. eggs are not nice to eat without cooking. There are yoghurts in the fridge. life is full of surprises. 3 4 He's 89, but there's still life in him. 5 Buy meat and salad for the weekend. 6 Some people don't eat meat. 7 biscuits are not very good for the teeth. 8 We can't do without bread. 9 Buy bread if you go to the supermarket. 10 I don't like boiled cabbage. 11 Would you like boiled cabbage? 12 You need to earn money if you want to buy that car.

Doplňte členy a, some, any.

Check-in clerk: Have you got luggage to check in? Passenger: Yes. There's case and sports bag.

Flight attendant: Would you like newspaper to read?

Passenger: It's all right, thanks. I've got magazine.

Passenger: I'd like to buy perfume, but I don't have cash. Can I pay by

credit card?

Flight attendant: Certainly. No problem at all.

Flight attendant: Would you like drink from the bar? Passenger: Could I just have water, please?

Flight attendant: Cream and sugar with your coffee, madam?

Passenger: cream, please, but I don't want sugar.

Vyberte vhodnou variantu podle toho, zda je podstatné jméno počitatelné nebo nepočitatelné.

- 1 Did you have a good weather/good weather in Australia?
- 2 Sydney has a wonderful climate/wonderful climate.
- 3 This computer is using a new program/new program.
- 4 That computer has an expensive software/expensive software.
- 5 The airline lost all my *luggage/luggages* on the flight to New York.
- 6 They sent some of my bag/bags to Chicago.
- 7 The tourist guide has *information/informations* about interesting things to see.
- 8 The magazine gives advice/advices about the vest cars to buy.
- 9 The fashion business is often a hard work/hard work.
- 10 It's a difficult job/difficult job.

Doplňte much, many, a lot of.

Ann: Martyn? It's Ann here.

Martyn: Oh, hi, Ann. Welcome back. How are you feeling?
Ann: Tired. I didn't get sleep on the plane.
Martyn: Did you make useful contacts?

Ann: Yes, I did. I didn't make sales, but I met people.

Martyn: Was there interest in our services?

Ann: Yes, there was. They wanted information.

Martyn: Great! Are you free for a meeting this afternoon?

Ann: How time do we need?

Martyn: Oh, about three hours. There are things to discuss.

Ann: Today's very busy. I've got letters to write.

Martyn: OK, how about tomorrow morning?

Ann: Yes, that's fine. I haven't got other work tomorrow.

Slovesné vzory

Slovesa ze závorek dejte do správného tvaru.

- 1 I want (see) a film on TV this evening.
- 2 I hope (hear) from you soon.
- 3 When did you finish (paint) the kitchen)?
- 4 I began (learn) English when I was seven.
- 5 I love (listen) to live music.
- 6 When she saw how I was dressed, she started (laugh).
- 7 We decided (get) married in the spring.
- 8 What do you want (do) tonight?
- 9 Some people like (have) breakfast in bed, but I don't.
- 10 She continued (talk) during the hole meal.

Budoucí čas prostý Utvořte věty u uvedených slov s použitím will nebo will not. you / enjoy / visiting / Paris she / with / not / come / us the / they / buy / house / ? / pass / test / not / the it / not / rain the / you / to / be able / come / party / ? the / for / lunch / not / I / pay Vazba to be going to Vyberte správný tvar - will nebo to be going to. Why are you working so hard these days? - Because I'll buy/I'm going to buy a car, so I'm saving as much as I can. What will you buy/are you going to buy Jill for her birthday? - A CD. She hasn't got a CD player. -Oh, I'll buy/I'm going to buy her a record, then. I have an appointment with the bank manager this morning. - Why will you see/are you going to see him? - Because my husband and I will start/are going to start our own business, and we need 4 What will you do/are you going to do today? - It's John's birthday, so I'll make/I'm going to make 5 Why have you got so many eggs? – Because I'll make/I'm going to make pancakes. Doplňte slovesa v závorkách s použitím will nebo to be going to. Sally: There's no milk left! Betty: Oh. I (get) some from the shop. The population of Valencia (reach) 2 million by the year 2010. 3 Mum: I told you to tidy up your room. Son: Sorry, Mum, I forgot. I (do) it after lunch. Sally: Why don't we meet for coffee on Friday morning? Willy: Sorry. I can't. I (see) the doctor then. "Tomorrow (be) a bright and sunny day everywhere in Spain, except in La Coruna," said the weatherwoman. 6 Look at that big black cloud. I think it (rain). 7 Sally: What are your plans for the week-end? Betty: Brad Pitt phoned. We (go) on a picnic. 8 Betty: Have you booked the flights yet? Sally: Don't worry. It's all organized. I (go) to the travel agent's tomorrow morning. 9 In the future people (have) bigger heads. 10 If we miss the bus, we (take) a taxi. 11 Next month I (buy) a DVD player. 12 When you (have) another party? 13 I've got to go to the dentist this morning. you (come) with me? 14 Oh no! I think I (sneeze). 15 Fanny: I can't open this jar. Leslie: Give it to me. I(do) it. Doplňte slovesa v závorkách s použitím will nebo to be going to. "Why have you got so much food?" "Because I (cook) a meal for ten people. "Someone told me you've got a place at university." "That's right. I (study) maths at St

- Andrews, in Scotland,"
- "My car isn't working." "Ask Joe to look at it. He (help) you."
- "I passed my driving test!" "That's great! I (buy) some champagne to celebrate!"
- "Why have you got your old clothes on?" "Because I (cut) the grass."

Otázka What ... like?

Doplňte správný tvar slovesa v otázce What was/were like?				
1	What like? – It was terrible The plane was delayed six hours!			
2	What like? – Awful! It rained every day!			
3	What like? – They were crowded and dirty. There was no sand on them.			
4	What like? – Not very good. My room was tiny, and the service was bad.			
5	What like? - Disgusting! It was often not cooked enough.			

Stupňování přídavných jmen

Doplňte 2. a 3. stupeň přídavných jmen.

beautiful	
new	
lovely	
hot	
good	
handsome	
mean	
generous	
thin	
busy	
patient	
young	
bad	
rude	
fit	
comfortable	
Commontable	

As nebo than?

- 1 Are you as tall your brother?
- 2 She's not as clever her sister.
- 3 Was Jane's party better Maria's?
- 4 I'm studying the same subject Emma.
- 5 Liz works much harder John.

Předpřítomný čas prostý

Ve větách použijte for nebo since.

- 1 I've lived in Paris14 years now.
- 2 I've worked at this English school six years.
- 3 Carlos's had internet at home August last year.
- 4 I haven't seen Maggie the party.
- We've been waiting for the bus over half an hour now.
- 6 I've put on 4 kilos Christmas.
- 7 That new clothes shop has been open last Saturday.
- 8 Have you been married a long time?
- 9 I've been surfing the net half past seven this morning.
- 10 The police have been at the scene 3 hours.
- 11 She's been talking non-stop 20 minutes.
- 12 Matt hasn't seen Clare his school days.
- 13 Our boss hasn't come to the office three days now.
- 14 We haven't been on a day trip to the country September.
- 15 I haven't been to a football match a long time.
- 16 I've been living in Spain 1992.
- 17 I haven't seen Susanne my birthday.
- 18 She hasn't been to the disco three weeks.
- 19 I've been living in Spain 8 years.
- 20 He hasn't cleaned his fridge last summer.

Vyberte vhodnou variantu – minulý čas prostý nebo předpřítomný čas prostý.

- In the UK today, the number of women in work reached/has reached nearly 50% of the working population.
- In the 1950s, very few women went/have gone out to work.
- In those days, husbands often *didn't let/haven't let* their wives get jobs.
- Today the situation *changed/has changed* a lot.
- 5 In the 1970s, new laws made/have made employers offer women and men equal pay and
- Several changes in the present law *gave/have given* women today better conditions than before.
- However, women's average salaries at the moment didn't rise/haven't risen to the average level of men's salaries.
- This is partly because the biggest increase in work for women in the last 20 years was/has been in part-time jobs.
- It is also because most of today's women didn't climb/haven't climbed to higher levels of management.

Slovesa v závorkách dejte do správného tvaru s použitím minulého času prostého nebo předpřítomného času prostého.

okay.

- A: I (not see) Anna for a long time.
- B: Really? I her yesterday. (to see)
- They (go) to Venice three years ago.
- David lost his wallet yesterday but he (find) it this morning in his jacket pocket.
- We (live) in this house for five years and we're very happy here.
- I know Manchester quite well. I (live) there for three years when I was a student.
- He (meet) Jane in the supermarket last week.
- 8 She feels great. She (lose) three kilos since Christmas.
- 9 It's cold in here because someone (open) the window.
- 10 Before they bought the car, they (think) about it very carefully.
- 11 The last time I (play) tennis was four years ago.

Vyjádření povinnosti slovesem have to Dokončete všty s použitím have to don't have to peho mustn't

וטע	koncete vety s použitim nave to, don t nave to nebo mustii t.
1	You tell anyone at work. It's a secret!
2	You worry about me. I won't say anything.
3	Luckily we wear suits to work. As long as we're smart, that's
4	What time you get up?

- 5 If you work as a receptionist, you answer the phone.
- I wouldn't like to be a farmer because they work outside all year.
- If you want to keep fit, you smoke.
- 8 If you want to go to Slovakia, you get a visa.
- You smoke at the petrol station.
- 10 If you want to go abroad, you have a passport.

Podmiňovací způsob – *should*

Vytvořte reakce na uvedené věty. Použijte sloveso should.

My tooth hurts.

I have got a sore throat.

John wants to drive, but he has had three beers.

I'm overweight.

My house is on fire.

٧	yberte	správno	u odpověď.

V	yberte spravnou	oapovea.			
1	If you feel ill, you	go to bed.			
	A have to	B don't have to	C should	D sh	ouldn't
2	When you catch	a plane, you che	ck before you board the	plane.	
	A shouldn't	B should	C don't have to	D ha	ve to

3	If you go by plane, you have too mud A have to B don't have to	ch hand luggage. C should	D	shouldn't		
4	If you go by plane, you wear comfort A shouldn't B should	able clothing. C have to	D	don't have to		
5	A pilot train for many years. A have to B has to	C should	D	shouldn't		
6	People who want to smoke sit in cert A don't have to B have to	ain seats. C should	D	shouldn't		
7	You wear your seat belt all the time. A shouldn't B should	You can take it off. C don't have to	D	have to		
8	But you wear your seat belt at take-o A have to B don't have to	off and landing. C should	D	shouldn't		
9	You drink too much alcohol because A have to B don't have to	you might be ill. C should	D	shouldn't		
10	There is often a film on a long flight, but yo A have to B don't have to	u to watch it. You C should		n go to sleep. shouldn't		
11	When you've got your luggage, you A have to B don't have to		D	shouldn't		
Na uv Ex 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 Somebody offers you a well-paid job in another town. You don't pass your state exams next year. You get a chance to do a month's English course in Australia. You fall down and break your leg. You lose your wallet. You win a Ferrari in a competition. A burglar breaks into your home and steals a lot of valuables. 					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	You(be) angry with me if you open If we(not hurry), we will arrive late. If I eat a lot, I(be) fat. If she (need) a pen, I'll lend her mir If you (not like) this drink, I'll buy yo If I (work) hard today, can I go out e If I (not like) this car, will you still but	that box. ne. nu another one. earlier tomorrow?				
	asové věty					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	When Tom (come), I'll give him you By the time she (get) back from the The teacher (not let) you out until y Your mother will be furious when she I (phone) you when I get back from When you (be) in Bristol, you must I (come) as soon as I finish my wor	Ir phone number. business trip, I'll have le ou have finished your wo(see) what you have o school. come to visit us.	rk.			

Used to - "Dělával jsem, míval jsem..."

Reagujte na otázky Toma pomocí a used to uveďte, co jste dělávali jako mladší.

Tom: I used to go to school in a little village. Where did you first go to school?

You:

Tom: What did you use to do in your free time?

You:

Tom: Oh! Did you? I used to go skiing. Did you?

You:

Tom: Really? And I used to collect stamps. Did you use to collect anything when you were a child?

You:

Tom: And where did you use to go for holidays in the summer?

You:

Tom: We used to go camping in Slovakia. Did you use to go camping?

You:

Tom: What about winter?

You:

Tvoření otázek s tázacími zájmeny (who, what ...)

Utvořte otázky z následujících slov-

- 1 does / to / who / belong / book / this/?
- 2 are / about / thinking / you / what /?
- 3 dream / last / did / you / about / night / what /?
- 4 what / write / he / does / write / ?
- 5 meet / conference / they / do / who / at / usually / the /?

Utvořte otázky s použitím who nebo what. Ptejte se na podtržené výrazy.

- 1 Peter loves someone.
- 2 Someone loves Peter.
- 3 John had an argument with someone.
- 4 Someone phoned last night.
- 5 Something happened in the restaurant.
- 6 Someone told me that.
- 7 We talked about something.
- 8 I danced with someone.
- 9 Someone broke the window.
- 10 Somebody gave me a present.

Tázací dovětky

Doplňte tázací dovětky k následujícím větám.

- 1 You aren't afraid of snakes.
- 2 Ann isn't at home.
- 3 You don't know French.
- 4 Tom didn't see her.
- 5 This isn't yours.
- 6 Mary wasn't angry.
- 2 He's ten years old.
- 3 Bill came on a bicycle.
- 4 The Smiths have got two cars.
- 5 Your grandfather was a millionaire.
- 6 Tom should try again.
- 7 It could be done.
- 8 Your brother's here.
- 9 That's him over there.
- 10 George can leave his case here.
- 11 This will fit in your pocket.
- 12 His wife has headaches guite often.

- 13 She's got lovely blue eyes.
- 14 You'd like a drink.
- 15 The boys prefer a cooked breakfast.
- 16 Mary ought to cook it for them.
- 17 That was Ann on the phone.
- 18 I needn't wait any longer.
- 19 James doesn't have to go to lectures.
- 20 The twins used to play rugby.

Způsobová (modální) slovesa

Doplňte can, could nebo be able to. Zápor je naznačen v závorce.

- 1 Oh dear, I (not) remember her address.
- 2 Where are the keys? I (not) find them last night.
- 3 The show is very popular but luckily I get two seats for Saturday.
- 4 It's nice that you sleep late on Sundays.
- 5 My sister (not) swim until she was eleven.
- 6 I lost all my money but fortunately I borrow some from my friends.
- 7 He drive a car when he was sixteen.
- 8 Mary moved to New York last month, so she will see her parents more often.
- 9 The exam was easy. I do all the questions.
- 10 10.1 went to the library, Mrs. Price, but I (not) find the book you wanted.
- 11 He find a good answer if you ask him tonight.
- 12 Patrick speak English better after he has more classes.

Doplňte mustn't nebo don't (doesn't) have to.

- I can stay in bed tomorrow morning because I work
- 2 You forget what I told you. It's very important.
- 3 I leave yet. I've got plenty of time.
- 4 She get up so early. She gets up early because she prefers to.

Doplňte *must* nebo *have to*.

- 1 You really work harder if you want to pass that examination.
- 2 We couldn't repair the car ourselves. We take it to a garage.
- 3 I'm afraid I can't come tomorrow I work late.
- 4 I'm sorry I couldn't come yesterday. I work late
- 5 Ann was feeling ill last night. She leave the party.

Doplňte must, mustn't nebo needn't.

- 1 We've got a lot of time. We hurry.
- 2 Tom gave me a letter to post. 1 forget to post it.
- 3 Do you want me to wait for you? No. You wait.
- 4 You come if you don't want to but I hope you will.
- 5 We have enough time so we go shopping today.
- 6 This book is very expensive. You look after it carefully. You lose it.

Trpný rod

Přeložte.

- 1 Dopis nebyl včera poslán včera.
- 2 Náš dům byl postaven v roce 1905.
- 3 Univerzita byla založena.
- 4 Víno se vyrábí.
- 5 Kniha nebyla napsána.
- 6 Jak se to napíše?
- 7 Obraz bude namalován.

Vyl 1	perte správnou odpověd This program all d					
0	A been being broadcast broadcasting	B are being broadcast	C is being broadcast	D is being		
2	This play by Shak A were written	B has been written	C was written	D is written		
3	This one	B have been choosed	C has been chosen	D has been choosed		
4	This airplane a ro A is drive by The window	B is driven by	C is driven with	D is drove by		
5	A has been braked	B has been broked	C has been broken	D have been broken		
6	The food	B was not ate	C was not eaten	D was not eat		
7	The bank robbers A have been catched	B have been caught	C caught	D catched		
8	His homework	B is never doing	C are never done	D is never did		
9	Chinese at this so A is not taught	B is not teached	C will not taught	D is not teaching		
10	All the wine A has be drunk	B has been drinking	C has been drunk	D has been drunked		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 I'd go to see him more often if I (live) nearer. I could get a job easily if I (have) better qualification. If I (know) his e-mail address, I would give it to you. If I knew you were right, I (agree) with you. If someone (give) you a lot of money, what would you do with it? What would you do if you (find) a burglar in your house? She (look) better if she cut her hair. 					
Předpřítomný čas průběhový Dejte slovesa v závorkách do správného tvaru předpřítomného času – prostého nebo průběhového. 1 How long flu? (have) 2 We the house all morning. (clean) 3 John hundreds of letters applying for jobs. (write) 4 I abroad for a year, but now I'm going home. (live) 5 You're really hot! What (do) 6 Did you know lan Mary out? (ask) 7 Ouch! I my finger on the oven! (burn) 8 Alan too much recently. He should smoke less. (smoke) 9 How long Jim? (you go out with) 10 I can't go anywhere because I my car keys. (lose) 11 Where have you been? (you/play) tennis? 12 Look! Somebody (break) that window. 13 You look tired (you/work) hard? 14 " (you/ever/work) in a factory?" "No, never." 15 "Annette is away on holiday." "Oh, is she? Where (she/go)?" 16 My brother is an actor. He (appear) in several films. 17 "Sorry I'm late." "That's all right. I (not/wait) long." 18 "Is it still raining?" "No, it (stop)."						

19	(lose) my address book (you/see) it anywhere?	
20	(read) the book you lent me but I (not/finish) it ye	ŧ
21	(read) the book you lent me, so you can have it back now	N

Slovosled

Slova v závorkách dejte do správného pořadí.

- 1 Andrea had a in her hair yesterday (bow / yellow / nice).
- 2 She lost a (white / cat /small).
- 3 I bought (big / some / great) oranges.
- 4 We met (two / smart / very) people at the conference.
- 5 The clown was wearing a (and / green / yellow / big) hat.
- 6 My uncle wore a (tie / blue / silk) to the wedding.

Použité zdroje

Pro vzorová cvičení byla použita stará vydání učebnic *Headway Pre-intermediate*, *International Express Pre-Intermediate*, a vlastní materiály.